

$$c \cdot d \equiv e \cdot m \cdot d \pmod{m}$$

$$m \cdot M = ed - 1 \Rightarrow m \mid ed - 1 \Rightarrow ed \equiv 1 \pmod{m}$$

$$\Rightarrow e \cdot m \cdot d \equiv m \pmod{m} \Rightarrow c \cdot d \equiv m \pmod{m}$$

Try to break this scheme!

We have public key  $(m, e)$  and ciphertext  $c$ .  
What do we need to compute the plaintext message from  $m, e, c$ ?

→ We need a number  $d$  s.t.  $ed \equiv 1 \pmod{m}$ ,

~~$m = (ed - 1) / M$~~  i.e.  ~~$m \mid ed - 1$~~   $\Leftrightarrow \exists k$ :

$$m \cdot k = e \cdot d - 1 \Leftrightarrow 1 = \underline{e} \cdot d - \underline{m} \cdot k$$

compute  $\text{Xgcd}(e, m)$ :  $1 = e \cdot a + m \cdot b$   
 $\quad \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \quad \quad \uparrow$   
 $\quad \quad \quad d \quad \quad \quad k = -b$

$$\Rightarrow e \cdot d \equiv 1 \pmod{m}$$

$$\Rightarrow c \cdot d \equiv e \cdot m \cdot d \equiv \underline{\underline{m}} \pmod{m}$$

$\swarrow \quad \searrow$   
 $= 1$

$\uparrow$  plaintext

□